FILED SUPERIOR COURT COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO

JUL 1 4 2015

# SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO, CENTRAL DISTRICT

JONG JA JUN, an individual and as the Successor-In-Interest to Decedent Jin Ouk Burnham,

Plaintiff,

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CHAFFEY JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT, a public entity, CITY OF FONTANA, a public entity, STATE OF CALIFORNIA, a public entity, IMELDA HUGHES, an individual, AND DOES 1-100, inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No. CIVDS1112258 [Assigned for all purposes to the Hon. Brian S. McCarville, Dept. S-301

[PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING ISSUE SANCTIONS AGAINST DEFENDANT CHAFFEY JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

Trial Date: TRC:

July 6, 2015

July 2, 2015

Plaintiff's Motion for Terminating, Issue and/or Evidentiary Sanctions came before this Court on July 6, 2015. Appearing for the Plaintiff were Rahul Ravipudi, Deborah Chang, and Thomas Schultz of Panish, Shea & Boyle, LLP. Appearing for the Defendant Chaffey Joint Union High School District ("CJUHSD") was Stephen Harber of McCune & Harber. Appearing for Defendant Imelda Hughes was Christopher Sheedy of Calendo, Puckett & Sheedy.

After oral argument, the Court ordered a 402 Hearing to consider the testimony and credibility of the CJUHSD employees, as well as the evidence presented by the parties. On July

6, 2015, testimony in the 402 hearing was provided by CJUHSD officers, managing agents and/or employees, Michael Hook, Al Regis and Maribel Sanchez. The hearing was set to continue on the following day. On the morning of July 7, 2015, counsel for CJUHSD submitted certain documents that counsel claimed were recently found for an in camera review by the Court. After ordering redaction of certain privileged information, the Court ordered that CJUHSD produce redacted documents marked as court exhibits 131 and 132 to Plaintiff's counsel. Counsel for CJUHSD also produced a flash drive to Plaintiff's counsel containing additional documents, and a photograph of such flash drive was marked as court exhibit 133. After hearing limited arguments from the parties, the Court requested that supplemental briefing be provided by the parties. On July 9, 2015, the Court received the Supplemental Briefs filed by Plaintiff and CJUHSD as well as a Notice of Joinder in Plaintiff's Motion by Defendant Imelda Hughes, and heard additional arguments by the parties.

Attached as Exhibit 1 to this Order is the July 9, 2015 Reporter's Transcript for this matter at pages 22-31. Based upon the briefing, oral arguments, the testimony and evidence presented at the 402 hearing, and the entire record in this matter which supports the factual findings below, the Court makes the following findings and ORDERS:

The Court grants plaintiff's motion insofar as it requests the issue sanctions as set forth below. As set forth more fully in the transcript, the Court finds that CJUHSD employees Michael Hook and Al Regis were not credible witnesses. The Court finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that CJUSD, through its employees, secreted and hid evidence that should have been produced to plaintiff. The Court, having considered and rejected the imposition of terminating sanctions, finds therefore, that the issue sanctions set forth below are appropriate.

The Court hereby grants Plaintiff's requests for issue sanctions in toto as requested in her original moving papers as follows:

♦ That prior to the 2010 school year, CJUHSD designated bus stops on both the north side of Duncan Canyon and the southwest corner of Duncan Canyon and Serrano for Route 80 so that children did not need to cross Duncan Canyon to get to a school bus stop.

- ♦ That CJUHSD eliminated any school bus stop on the south side of Duncan Canyon at the start of the 2010 school year which required all of the students who lived on the south side of Duncan Canyon to cross the uncontrolled 5 lane highway to get to the designated stop on the Northeast Corner of Duncan Canyon and Serrano.
- ♦ CJUHSD's designated stop on the Northeast Corner of Duncan Canyon and Serrano is designated on a multi-lane highway in violation of 13 California Code of Regulation §1238(b)(3).
- ♦ CJUHSD's superintendent, Mat Holten, was not involved in the designation of the Route 80 bus stops despite 13 California *Code of Regulation* §1238(a) mandating that he designate the stops.
- ♦ CJUHSD did not obtain permission from the California Highway Patrol in designating a stop on the Northeast Corner of Duncan Canyon and Serrano which is in violation of 13 California *Code of Regulation* §1238(c).
- Requiring students to cross Duncan Canyon to get to the stop on the Northeast Corner of Duncan Canyon and Serrano is dangerous.
- ♦ CJUHSD's designation of the bus stop on the Northeast Corner of Duncan Canyon and Serrano created a dangerous condition of public property.
- The dangerous condition of public property created by CJUHSD's designation of the bus stop on the Northeast Corner of Duncan Canyon and Serrano was a substantial factor in causing the death of Jin Ouk Burnham.
- ♦ The dangerous condition of public property created by CJUHSD's designation of the bus stop on the Northeast Corner of Duncan Canyon and Serrano created a reasonably foreseeable risk that this kind of incident would occur.
- ♦ The negligent and/or wrongful conduct of CJUHSD employees while acting in the course and scope of their employment for CJUHSD created the dangerous condition.
- ◆ CJUHSD was on actual notice of the dangerous condition of public property it created and had a long enough time to protect against it.
- ♦ CJUHSD owned and controlled all of the school bus stops it designated, including the subject bus stop designated on the northeast corner of Duncan Canyon and Serrano.
- It would not have cost any money for CJUHSD to cure the dangerous condition of public property.

- ♦ Based upon clear and convincing evidence, Defendant CJUHSD secreted and hid all of the evidence which confirms that it dangerously designated bus stops in violation of 13 California Code of Regulation Section 1238 in the hopes of avoiding responsibility and liability in this matter.
- Defendants admit they created a dangerous condition of public property which was the cause of Jin Ouk Burnham's death.

The Court finds that the so ordered issue sanctions are narrowly tailored to address the discovery matters at issue. The Court finds that defendant CJUHSD through its officers, employees and managing agents has engaged in egregious misconduct committed in connection with the failure to produce evidence in discovery that justifies the imposition of the sanctions imposed absent a prior order compelling discovery, or its equivalent.

The Court also finds that based on the conduct of CJUHSD, Plaintiff has been severely prejudiced in its ability to prepare for and present evidence favorable to her cause. It is clear that any orders compelling discovery at the commencement of the trial would be futile to ameliorate that prejudice given the procedural posture of the case as trial commences.

The Court further reserves the issue of imposing monetary sanctions against defendant for the expenses incurred by plaintiff, including attorney fees, as a result of defendant's misconduct in an amount to be determined on notice motion.

JUL 1 4 2015 DATED: July , 2015

JUDGE BRIAN S. McCARVILLE

Hon. Brian S. McCarville
JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT

Exhibit 1

prohibited. The other issues involved in this case remain viable, and those documents have nothing to do with those.

THE COURT: I thank counsel for their arguments and comments and briefing in the limited time that we had in this particular case.

Court of Appeals some years ago and whatever happened, counsel for Plaintiff won. So the job that was done and the briefing and argument before the Court of Appeal resulted in the Plaintiff being vindicated to the point that the District was brought back into the case. And so all I can say is whatever work was done there was laudably done and inured to Plaintiff's benefit.

What is troubling to me, based upon the comments that I made before I offered counsel the opportunity to argue the case, and that is as follows:

Mr. Hook and Mr. Regis, two different people, they presented differently. Mr. Regis retired. And if looked at it in a vacuum, without Mr. Hook and without these other documents that we now know exist, and the attendant e-mail showing knowledge, I could have looked at him and say, he kind of looks like my dad. And sliding out, especially when I think about the day that I'm going to retire, am I going to care anymore about today's decision or the eight people I've ordered executed in my career as a judge, let alone the ones that I successfully had executed or on death row as a lawyer. Do I

care anymore? I do.

Mr. Hook, this is the note that I made about Mr. Hook. He's not credible. And I made this after his first day of testimony, with respect to Mr. Hook. And I do that, and that's why I sit here and look at people as they testify.

And then the ongoing obligation that anybody who comes to court has, and especially when people are put on notice, there is litigation, so go back, stop, start gathering everything up, protect everything. It may or may not be relevant. We're going to have to let the discovery process go through, whether it's a traffic accident case involving two individuals or an airplane crash. It doesn't matter. Once the parties are on notice, depending upon what jurisdiction you're in, certain obligations are in place.

And so whether there's a change in employees or a change, in this case, of the superintendents, assistant superintendents or whatever title that person has, their obligation is ongoing and continues throughout the course of litigation, and requires diligent -- I wonder, what does that mean, diligent? It means that you really take it to heart and you really do things and do them properly.

Parenthetically, while we were going yesterday, I mentioned in our in camera, and this doesn't discuss anything but a generic comment that I made to Mr. Harber when he offered an expedited way for me to look at records, and I said, well, the Supreme Court has said that might be a nice thing to help

trial judges do, but you just can't do it.

When a judge is tasked to do something, he or she is tasked to do it, even though it's onerous. I opened up today's Daily Journal and there's Justice Ming Chin, who was the author of the Seven Zero Opinion on Brady Discovery. San Francisco DA's office and the courts have tried to come up with a policy to just let the District Attorney look through police officers' files and determine what's relevant and then give that to the judge so the judge doesn't have to go through line by line.

We have some old-time justices, some new justices, some conservative justices, some liberal justices, as the court has changed. This is the Seven Zero Opinion that says, no, line by line, page by page, that's the judge's obligation to do that. And I mentioned that yesterday because I think that's an obligation that a party or an employee of a party has when asked to look through things and gather things and keep things and discovery is ongoing and continues. And so Mr. Hook, in my mind, failed in his obligations.

Mr. Regis, looking at him in light of Mr. Hook's testimony and additional written documentation, he failed. They failed in their obligations to, for lack of a better phrase, take care of the District, do what they should have been doing.

I've looked carefully and I find nothing that

Mr. Harber or his firm has done that has in any way been

anything but good, solid representation of the District. But

the District employees that have testified, most specifically Mr. Hook and Mr. Regis, are not credible, and they did not serve their employer, the District, well.

Litigation, unfortunately, takes a long time, and counsel mentions that the plaintiff, in their capacity has suffered the loss of any individual, family member, friend, in a tragic way, never goes away. Nor will anything that a jury or a court does in this case ever make it better. Money doesn't do that. Vindication doesn't do it. In 10 years, in 20 years, the loss will be the same. It may be mollified in some extent, it may be worse in some extent. So there's nothing that I can do or a jury can do that can change that in any way.

Has the District, through its employees from the entire course of the litigation, acted inappropriately? I can't say that. I can see Mr. Ravipudi's belief, but certainly, over the last couple of years, things haven't taken place appropriately.

Is it appropriate to terminate every aspect of the defendant's case? I can't say that it is. It is something that I thought about before counsel wanted to have this hearing yesterday when I saw the documentation that he turned over.

Would I be faced with making this decision.

When Plaintiff files an action they, undertake to prove it to the extent that the law requires them, by preponderance, by clear and convincing evidence, depending upon

the nature of the allegations. The inappropriate conduct, in my mind, has taken place. I've wrestled with this and the Court declines Plaintiff's request to issue a terminating sanction in this case.

The issue sanctions, as requested in Plaintiff's Motion 18, are granted in toto as the sanction. The Court will reserve on the issue of further monetary sanctions for the -- you'd have to delineate what portions of the 402, we could have 20 more, 35 motions, I believe, taking everybody's -- some of those are certainly appropriate, and we still may have some to go through. But some time, probably court time and counsel's time, should be or could be properly sanctionable in a monetary fashion. The Court will reserve on that issue.

Mr. Ravipudi is to prepare an order for service on counsel for the defendants in this case. That's to be prepared and served on them for my signature tomorrow before 1:30 and then served on counsel Monday and come back to court, and we will be here Monday. I'm assuming -- what's the witness, the expert, who was supposed to be here Monday?

MR. HARBER: Roseman, your Honor. I wasn't sure if we --

THE COURT: I'm not sure, depending upon whether or not you want to go ahead with that, we're going to take a break here, and then I'm going to let counsel rethink. I have Judge Pacheco has gone over the statements of the case that were provided to both counsel -- or was provided by counsel and

trial briefs and is prepared to discuss it with you.

MR. HARBER: Your Honor, I would like to review Motion in Limine No. 18. I know there were a number of requests there. May we take a few minutes to review it to make sure we understand the nature of this?

THE COURT: You certainly can. I reviewed them all before coming out, and that is the Court's order. You may comment, if you wish.

MR. HARBER: Thank you.

THE COURT: And then, but I do want the parties, as I prevailed on Judge Pacheco, to be here, and I asked counsel to be ready to discuss this case. And I did ask the principals to be present. I need you to discuss that. If you can resolve it, fine. If you can't, the jury is here Monday morning.

MR. RAVIPUDI: Thank you, your Honor.

MR. HARBER: Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: Court's in recess.

I'll tell Judge Pacheco you will be there in 15 minutes.

MR. HARBER: Thank you.

(A recess was taken.)

THE COURT: We're back on the record in the matter of Jun versus Chaffey Joint Unified, et al., Case No.

CIVDS-1112258. Counsel are present.

Gentlemen? Counsel?

MR. HARBER: Your Honor, it was me who requested to

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talk to you briefly.

I did want to talk briefly and put on the record some discussion on Motion in Limine 18 and the Court's ruling today on the sanctions. And the list that sanctions are imposed.

We do contend, your Honor, that this puts the plaintiff in a far, far better position than they would have been.

This case -- and the sanctions are a result not because of the destruction of evidence, because of the late provision of the evidence. So, your Honor, if, in fact, we put the plaintiff in the very spot that she was in before and these e-mails were not provided just a couple of days ago but provided a couple of years ago, as they should have been --

THE COURT: You know you're repeating yourself from what you argued already. Verbatim so far.

MR. HARBER: Let me try to do something different.

Your Honor, relative to the statement at Page 6, which is a finding that defendant destroyed all of the evidence which confirms it dangerously designed bus stops, I don't believe there has been any demonstration of any destruction of evidence. There's been late provision of evidence, but not destruction of evidence.

THE COURT: I would find it to be late production and secretion and hiding, based upon the testimony of the two witnesses, by clear and convincing evidence.

MR. HARBER: Your Honor, relative to that, let me just

repeat myself on one matter and that is, the hiding of evidence has nothing to do with the three issues that we talked about. That is, the location of the bus stop. It has nothing to do with the condition of the bus stop. It has nothing to do with the phantom bus stop that apparently never existed or certainly didn't exist before this incident.

Consequently, your Honor, we would contend that there's no connection between the sanction that's being issued relative to the bus stop that's truly at issue and the subject matter of the e-mails, et cetera, that are the issue in the sanctions motion.

There is no connection between those, your Honor, and therefore, we contend that they are inappropriate.

THE COURT: But not as draconian as terminating.

MR. HARBER: Not as draconian as that.

THE COURT: Mr. Ravipudi?

MR. RAVIPUDI: I don't want to revisit any -- I mean, there's nothing for me to add at this point, your Honor. Thank you.

THE COURT: On behalf of Ms. Hughes?

MR. SHEEDY: Nothing. I just want to get a clarification. I think counsel is talking about line 24, Page 6 of the motion?

THE COURT: That's correct.

MR. SHEEDY: So the Judge -- your Honor -- Judge, I apologize.

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how?

THE COURT: The language that I used was secreted and hid -- and/or hid.

So your Honor is going to modify "destroy" to read

MR. HARBER: Your Honor, perhaps this is a case of I don't want to get what I wish for. I think hiding evidence sounds every bit as bad as destroying evidence.

THE COURT: I'm basing it on the testimony and the evidence that's been presented to me. So, I think, factually based upon the testimony and what I have seen at the hearing so far, that hiding and/or secreting is appropriate.

MR. HARBER: Your Honor, one last time then on the dangerous condition.

Again, the condition here is the bus stop, not the phantom bus stop. While it isn't as draconian as it could be, your Honor, it still has no connection with the late production of the documents. And, your Honor, it should not be connected now. It has nothing to do with the phantom stop, whether or not that condition is dangerous, and there should not be a connection here in the sanctions.

THE COURT: On that issue, Mr. Ravipudi, did you wish to place anything on the record?

MR. RAVIPUDI: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: The Court's ruling as modified is the Court's ruling. Please have that prepared as I've indicated.

Now, I know we had some portions of in limines left to

### PROOF OF SERVICE

### STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

At the time of service, I was over 18 years of age and not a party to this action. I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. My business address is 11111 Santa Monica Boulevard, Suite 700, Los Angeles, CA 90025.

On July 10, 2015, I served true copies of the following document(s) described as [PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING ISSUE SANCTIONS AGAINST DEFENDANT CHAFFEY JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT on the interested parties in this action as follows:

#### SEE ATTACHED SERVICE LIST

BY PERSONAL SERVICE: I personally delivered the document(s) to the person at the addresses listed in the Service List. (1) For a party represented by an attorney, delivery was made to the attorney or at the attorney's office by leaving the documents in an envelope or package clearly labeled to identify the attorney being served with a receptionist or an individual in charge of the office. (2) For a party, delivery was made to the party or by leaving the documents at the party's residence with some person not less than 18 years of age between the hours of eight in the morning and six in the evening.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on July 10, 2015, at Los Angeles, California.

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Monica Davis

ORDER GRANTING ISSUE SANCTIONS AGAINST DEFENDANT CHAFFEY JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

# SERVICE LIST al.

1	Jong Ja Jun vs. Chaffey Joint Union High School District, et al.  CIVDS 1112258	
2	CIVDS	1112258
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7	Janine R. Fowler State of California	
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