



Tri-Service JAN 2 3 1995 Greene, Broillet, et al.

VOL 94, NO.12 SETTLEMENT REPORTS December 1994 Court/Judge Injury El Cajon/Hollywood Arm Amputated Plf: Harvey R. Levine, Jordan M. Cohen & Richard A. Huver (Levine, Steinberg & Miller), San Diego Plaintiff-in-Intervention: James Kramer (Siegel, Moreno & Kramer), San Diego Construction Accident: Run Over By Heavy Equipment \$4,079,000 4 Multiple Leg Fractures San Francisco/Norman Plf: William L. Veen, Kevin Lancaster, Robert T. Ruppe & Gary Alexander (Law Offices of William L. Veen), San Francisco Sexual Harassment/Constructive Discharge: Security Officer \$1,500,000 6 Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder L.A. Central/Schauer Plf: Jeffrey S. Thomas & Samuel J. Wells (Wells & Thomas), Los Angeles L.A. Central/Zebrowski Plf: Robert S. Gianelli (Gianelli & Morris), Los Angeles Andrew S. Albert (Berlin & Albert), Carlsbad Long Beach Ouadriplegia/age 39 Plf: Arnold W. Schwartz (Mazursky, Schwartz & Angelo), Los Angeles Construction Accident: Electrocuted at Naval Shipyard \$1,100,000 8 2nd & 3rd Degree Burns Long Beach/Charvant Plf: Brian J. Panish & Geoff Wells (Greene, Broillet, Taylor & Wheeler), Santa Monica Longshore: Fall While Unloading Ship Closed Head Injury L.A. Central/Hauk Plf: Thomas G. Stolpman (Stolpman, Krissman, Elber, Mandel & Katzman), Long Beach Robert W. Nizich (Law Offices of Robert W. Nizich), San Pedro Santa Ana/Goldstein \$286,940 Plf: Eric J. Fleetwood (Ruffolo, Vidor, Danielson & Harrel), Los Angeles Auto vs. Auto: Illegal Right Turn \$600,000 10 Long Beach/Charvat Fx. Lumbar Vertebra Plf: James M. McAdams & Thomas J. Pierry (Pierry & Moorhead), Wilmington Age Discrimination: Denied Office Manager Position \$350,000 11 U.S. District Central/Tevrizian \$200,000 LOE Plf: Dolores Y. Leal (Allred, Maroko & Goldberg), Los Angeles Real Estate Fraud: Failure to Disclose Lack of Permits \$220,000 12 Emotional Distress Lake County Plf: Clifford Hirsch (Clifford Hirsch, A Professional Corp.), Walnut Creek William Feeney (Feeney & Lunas), Lakeport

she saw a green light. A three-way traffic sign was positioned in such a way as to be facing her. This confused the Plaintiff, making her believe she had the right of way while opposing traffic had a red light. The three-way traffic sign, which was photographed and documented shortly after the accident, was in the wrong place on the traffic pole, being too low off the ground, and inappropriately pointing in the Plaintiff's direction. Since then, the traffic sign has been moved higher on the pole and faces in another direction, for which it was originally intended.

Defendant argued that as he approached the intersection, a car to his left apparently blocked his view of the Plaintiff's vehicle until it was too late for him to stop. Defendant Grand Prix cross-complained against the City of Long Beach, that the green light, the configuration of the intersection along with this three-way traffic sign, caused a trapping and confusing situation. This allowing the Plaintiff to enter an intersection thinking opposing traffic had a red light when it did not.

Settlement:

Settled for \$1,295,000 total; \$1,000,000 by City of Long Beach, \$15,000 by Howser and Grand Prix paid the balance.

Plaintiff Experts:	Pringle, Weston S.	Engineer	Fullerton
-	Friedman, Keith	Accident Reconstruction	Santa Barbara
	Sanders, Mark S.	Human Factors - Ergonomics	Sherman Oaks
	Schilling, Ronald M.	Cost of Future Care	Corona Hills
	Formuzis & Pickersgill, Inc.	Economist	Santa Ana
	Boyd, Dawn	Consulting	Sherman Oaks
	Zicherman, Eleanore	Jury Consultation Offices	Berkeley
Defense Experts:	Unknown	•	

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Construction Acciden	t: Electrocuted at	Naval Shipyard Settleme	nt: \$1,100,000
Plaintiff Attorneys:	Brian J. Panish &		
	(Greene, Broill	et, Taylor & Wheeler), Santa Monica	(310) 576-1200
Defendant Attorney:	John Tavetian		
-	(Norby & Broo	luer), Torrance	(310) 540-0540
Court:	Long Beach	Judge: Richard Charvant	Date: 11/15/94
Insurance Co.:	USF&G and Golde	n Eagle	
Case:	Roger Klier vs. So	uthern Contracting	

Facts:

Plaintiff, a 48 year old journeyman electrician, was employed by Quality Cablespling working at Long Beach Naval Shipyard. On the date of accident, the Plaintiff was engaged in cable splicing during a scheduled power outage. Southern Contracting job foreman began energizing the electrical switches during the outage when the electrical current passed through a switchhouse that had not been locked during the outage. This resulted in the electricity traveling to the circuit the Plaintiff was working on. The Plaintiff suffered flash burns on his arms and chest.

Injuries: Second and third degree burns to his arms and chest. Treatment: The Plaintiff has undergone continual skin grafting and transfers.

Medical Costs: \$100,000 past, \$300,000 future

Loss of Earnings: \$500,000

Contentions:

Plaintiff claimed the foreman failed to follow appropriate safety procedures prior to beginning the outage. He should have checked all switches in the switchouses that could have been affected by the outage. Had this procedure been followed the foreman would have noted the switches were not all locked out and prevented the injuries to the Plaintiff.

Defendant argued the Plaintiff failed to follow established safety practices on the job thereby resulting in his injuries. The Plaintiff failed to lock out the switch he was working on which would have prevented his injuries. This was contrary to the job safety procedures and the Plaintiff's union training. Additionally, the Plaintiff was working after hours when he was not authorized to work and had been advised on several occasions of the scheduled outage. The Plaintiff had a history of prior accidents on this job. The Plaintiff's employer failed to provide adequate training and was removed from the job site pursuant to request by the U.S. Government after the accident.

Settlement:

Settled for \$1,100,000, plus waiver of \$240,000 Workers Comp lien for the payment of \$50,000

Plaintiff Experts:	Vecchione, Thomas Falvey, Michael Ritz, Ronald	Plastic Surgeon Plastic Surgeon Plastic Surgeon	San Die Torran
Defense Experts:	Armington, Ralph Sokol, Anthony Levy, Steven	Electrical Engineer Plastic Surgeon Neurologist	Durango, CO Chicago, Il Beverly Hill Los Angele

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Longshore: Fall While Unloading Ship

Thomas G. Stolpman

(Stolpman, Krissman, Elber, Mandel & Katzman), Long Beach (310) 435-8300

Robert W. Nizich

(Law Offices of Robert W. Nizich), San Pedro

(310) 832-3500

\$1,100,000

Defendant Attorney:

Plaintiff Attorneys:

Forrest R. Cogswell & Mark D. Holmes

(Williams, Wooley, Cogswell, et al.), Long Beach

(310) 495-6000

Intervenor Attorney:

James Mcmullen & Thomas Hampton

(Littler, Mendelson, Fastiff, Tichy & Mathiason), San Diego

Court: Case:

L.A. Central

Judge: A. Andrew Hauk

(619) 232-0441

David Tammen vs. Transportacion Mexicana Maritima and Maritima Astarte, S.A. ("Mexican Lines")

CV 925729 AAH (CTx)

Settlement:

Facts:

Plaintiff, a 38 year-old longshoreman, was injured while working aboard the Defendant's vessel, the M/V Mitla. The Plaintiff was employed by ITS, a stevedoring contractor. He was assigned to a "lashing crew" to unlash containers after the vessel docked in Long Beach. As he was attempting to unlash the first container, he fell from the elevated work platform to the main deck, sustaining a closed head injury.

Injuries: Closed head injury. Treatment: Hospitalized initially for approximately ten days and then released. He has been under medical care since then by neurologists. He was treated for a seizure disorder for approximately a year and a half, and then was taken off of medication. Residuals: Dizziness, left arm weakness and left leg weakness, as well as residuals of his closed head injury which caused him to lose his temper and exhibit other conduct which could be harmful to him on the waterfront.

Medical Costs: \$130,000 past, future undetermined

Loss of Earnings: \$1,800,000 past and future

Contentions:

Plaintiff claimed the Defendant violated its "turn over" duty of reasonable care in failing to provide railings or fall protection for stevedores forced to work on the unguarded pedestal areas along the outboard parts of the ship. The Defendant breached its contractual obligation to maintain its ship in a safe condition. The Defendant had notice of the dangerous work area. Based upon previous falls, the failure to provide rigging or other safety devices constituted a dangerous condition. The Defendant modified its ship after it first called in the United States as a result of complaints by longshoremen and another stevedoring company, but failed to extend the safety platforms and railings to the outboard pedestals such as the one from which the Plaintiff and other longshoremen had fallen.

Defendant argued an expert stevedore could work the vessel safely in the condition it was in by simply rigging ropes before beginning to work. If the work area was unsafe, the individual longshoreman had the right to stand by until the area was made safe. The actual cause of the accident was the Plaintiff's conduct in throwing a lashing bar to the deck below in violation of longshoring custom and practice. His fall occurred when the hook on the lashing bar caught his glove, pulling him off the platform.

Settlement:

1st Offer: \$600,000

1st Demand: \$2,200,000

Settled for \$1,100,000 new money to Plaintiff